



ACI RAP Bulletin 8

FIELD GUIDE TO
CONCRETE REPAIR
APPLICATION PROCEDURES

Installation of Embedded Galvanic Anodes

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Installation of Embedded Galvanic Anodes (ACI RAP-8)

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ACI RAP Bulletin #8

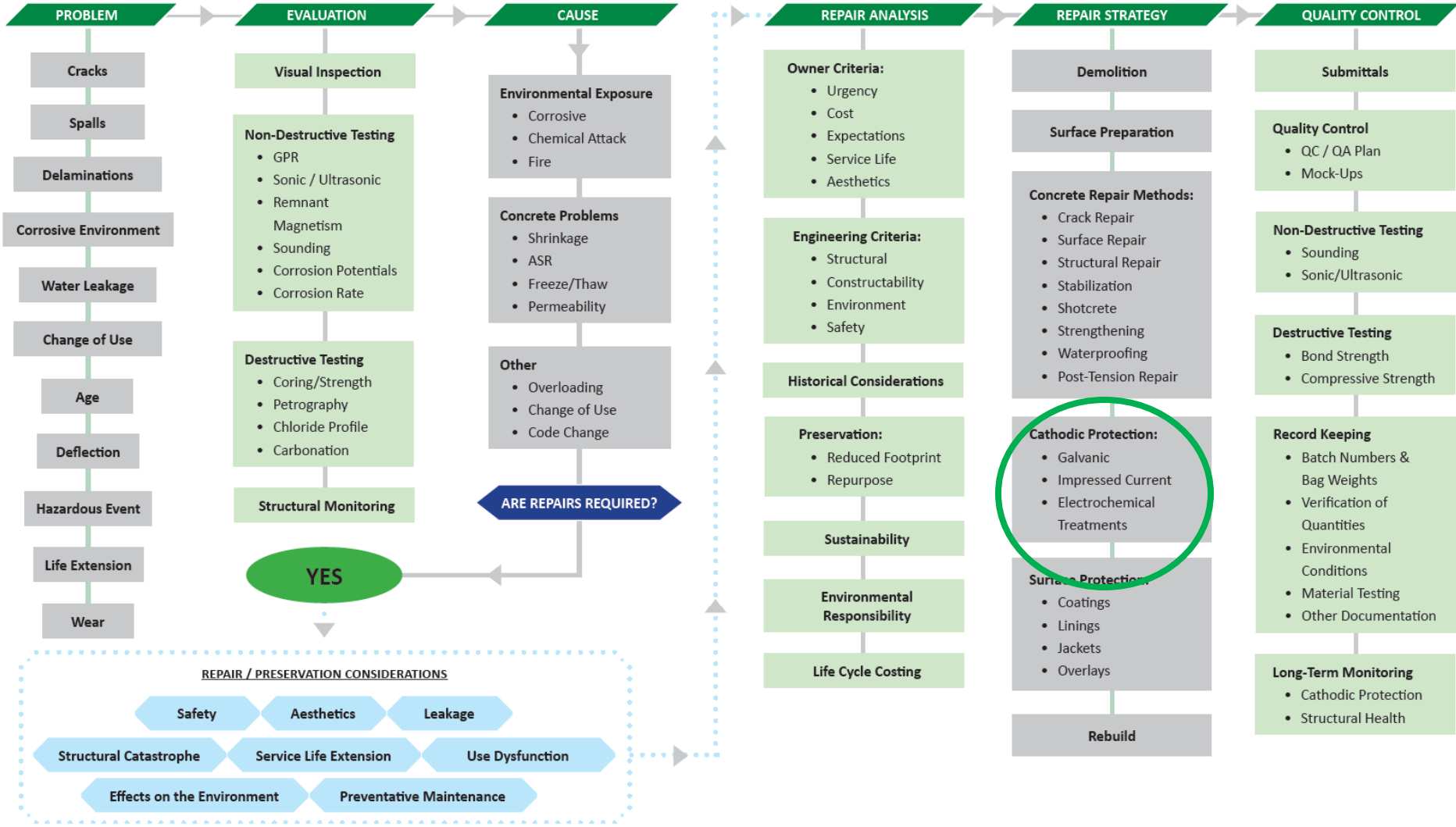
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Vector Corrosion
Technologies



CONCRETE PRESERVATION PROCESS



Why Use This Repair?

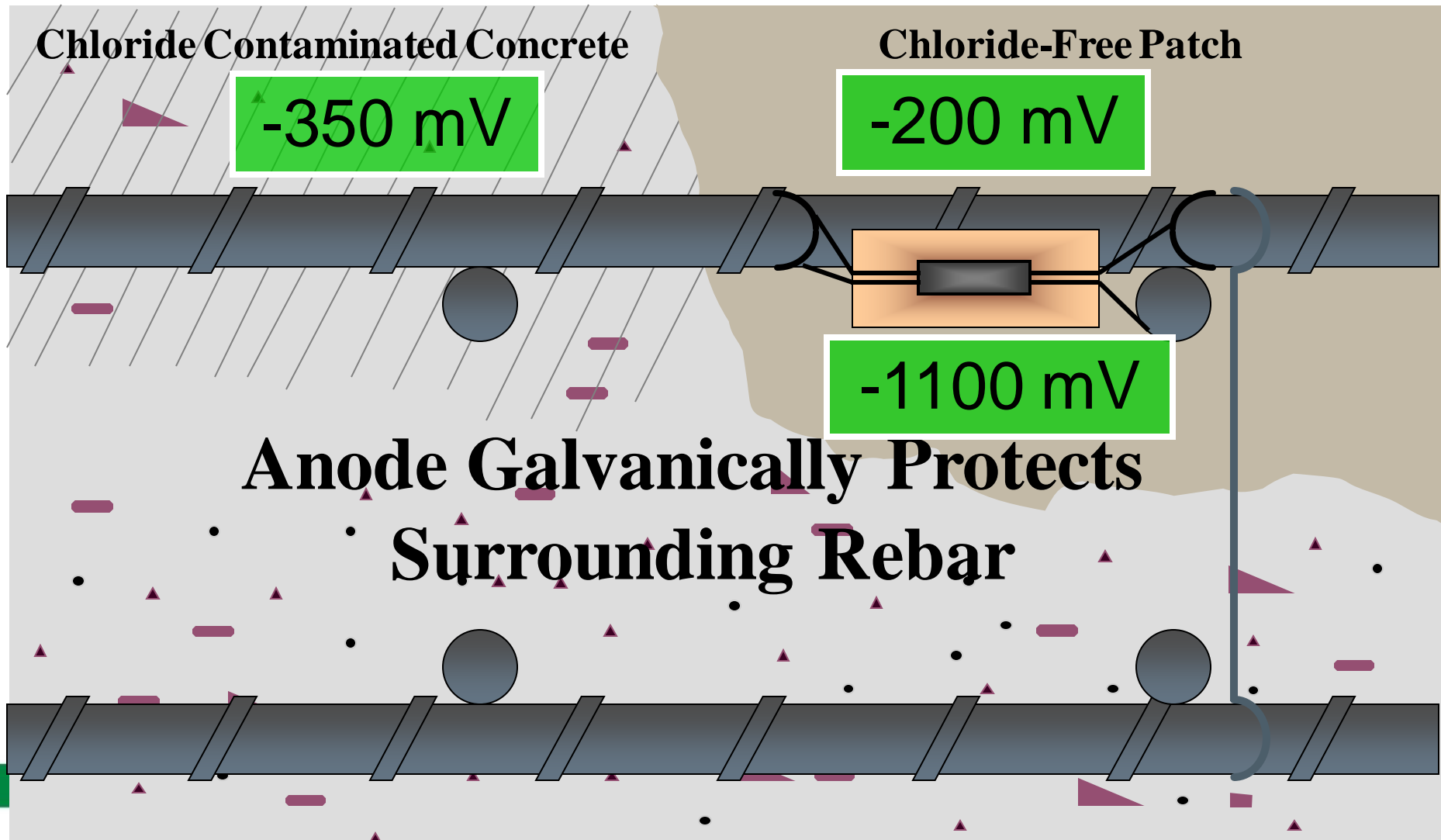
- Mitigate corrosion due to chloride contamination or carbonation.
- Ring anode / Halo corrosion





Halo Effect / Patch Accelerated Corrosion

Installed Galvanic Anode



When to Use the Repair

- Patch Repair of Chloride Contaminated or Carbonated Concrete
- Joints Between New and Existing Concrete
- Corroding Areas of Existing Structures



Embedded Galvanic Anodes - Nomenclature

Type 1

–Installed in Standard Repairs

Type 2

–Installed in Sound Concrete



Source: Installation of Embedded Galvanic Anodes (ACI RAP Bulletin 8, 2010)

Embedded Galvanic Anodes - Nomenclature

Galvanic anodes for concrete contain chemicals in the covering material surrounding the zinc core that allow the anode to continue to produce protective current over time.

Type A –

Alkali-activated

High pH environment around zinc core

Type H –

Halide-activated

Chloride or bromide environment around zinc core





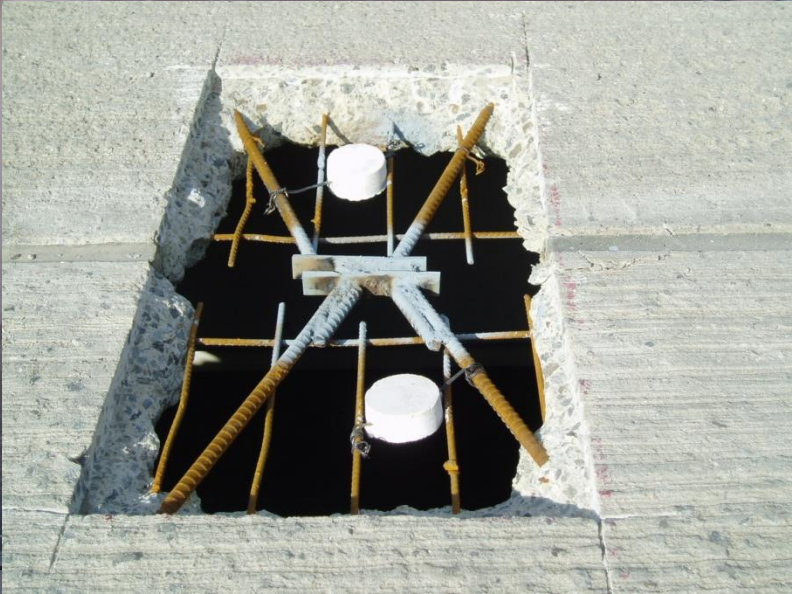
Type 1 – Bridge Repair



Type 1 - Parking Deck Repairs

Type 1 - Balcony Repairs





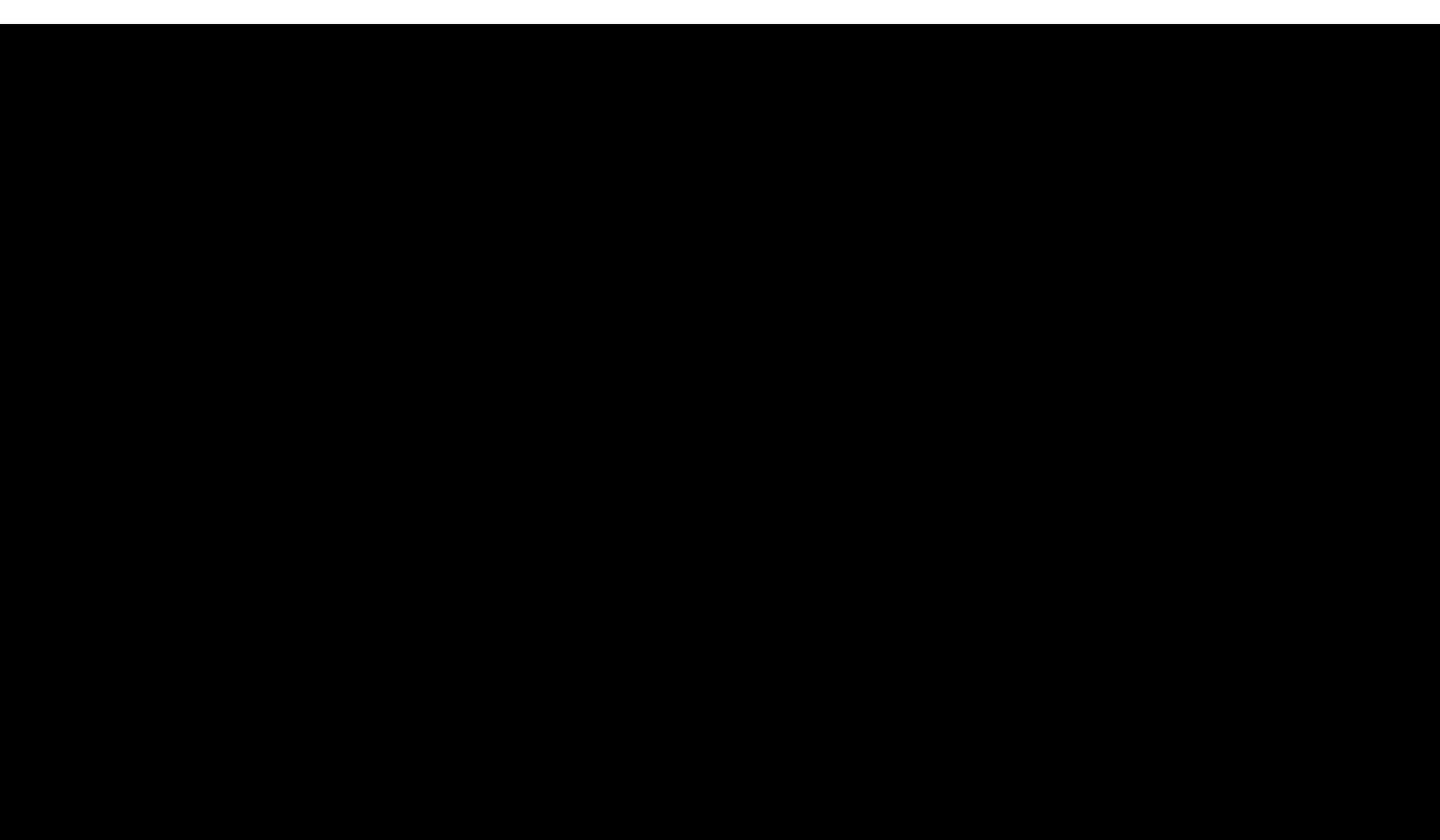
Type 1 - Precast Concrete Repairs



Type 1 - Balcony Replacement

Type 1 - Bridge Widening





Type 2 – Drilled in Anodes



- Placed proactively into sound concrete.
- Global protection over large areas
- Targeted protection to corrosion hotspots

Anodes applied to chloride contaminated columns prior to FRP strengthening

Type 2 Drilled in Anodes



Anodes installed into hot spots
as detected by corrosion
potential testing



Column Protection



Type 2 Anodes Installed into Corroding Column
in Industrial Plant




VECTOR CORROSION TECHNOLOGIES

Galvashield CC Installation Instructions



Material and Equipment Selection

- Must be used with compatible repair materials (Resistivity $<15,000 \text{ ohm} \cdot \text{cm}$)
 - Must be connected to the reinforcing steel
 - Steel to be protected must in electrical contact
 - Installation can be completed with standard construction equipment
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Safety Considerations

- Galvanic anodes and repair concrete / mortar may be alkaline.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and glasses as appropriate to protect eyes and skin from exposure.



Checking the Repair

- Specifications should include procedures and criteria to ensure a quality installation.
- Checks should include;
 - Prequalification of the repair material,
 - Continuity of reinforcing steel, and
 - Connection of anodes to steel.
- Current output can be monitored over time if a simple monitoring station is installed.



Quality Control



Testing anode connection to reinforcing steel.

Questions

